Notes: Europe in Crisis The French Wars of Religion  
Name: ____________
1562 – 1598

• 1560 – ____________________ and ___________________ becoming combative
• Trying to win _______________ and eliminate each others _______________
• Huguenots – French Protestants influenced by ____________________

**Huguenots**

• 7% of total population were _______________
• 40% - 50% of _______________ were Huguenots
• _______________ Kingdom – located in southern France was protestant
• Catholics had more _______________ and bought larger _______________

**Henry of Navarre**

• _______________ leader of the Huguenots
• Became King of France in 1594
• Converted to _______________ as a _______________ move

**Edict of Nantes**

• Recognized Catholicism as _______________ religion of France
• Huguenots did have the right to _______________ and hold public _______________

**Elizabeth Tudor**

• Became Queen of England in ____________
• Repealed laws favoring _______________
• New “____________________________” – supreme governor of Church and state
**Church of England**

- Previous ruler Mary Tudor was a strong _______________
- Church under Elizabeth was a moderate _______________
- Most people were ____________ with the religion

**Foreign Policy**

- Feared that war would be ____________________ for herself and England
- Tried to weaken _______________ and _______________
- Would ________________ the weaker nation
- ________________ – King of Spain hoped to marry Elizabeth

**Francis Drake**

- 2\textsuperscript{nd} person to _________________________ the globe
- Elizabeth encouraged Drake and his _______________ to attack _______________ treasure ships

**Drake’s Adventures**

- 1577 – 1580 – sailed to ____________________ and attacked _______________ ships in the ____________________
- Through the Strait of Magellan and stole _______________ near Chile
- Returned home with 600,000 lbs. of __________

**War with Spain**

- Elizabeth _________________ Drake for his efforts
- Made Philip _______________ and ordered his Spanish _______________ to invade England
- Armada – 140 ships, 8,000 sailors, and 20,000 soldiers
**Battle Plans**

- Spanish – _______________ short range cannons with _______________ships
- English – _______________ships with _______________ cannons

**Weather Plays a Factor**

- Sent 8 unmanned “_______________” towards the Spanish fleet
- _______________ panicked and broke formation
- English moved in, several ships were _______________ and 15 were captured
- Storm comes up and scatters the fleets

**End of the Armada**

- Spanish decide to head north and _______________
- Fierce _______________ sank as many as 42 ships
- Only 67 ships returned to Spain

**The Outcome**

- _______________ of Spain’s power
- Catholic Church _______________ and Protestant England became _______________
- England developed _______________ trade
- _______________ North America
- Helped _______________ England from _______________ invasion